

## NARRATIVE REPORT FOR AMOR MATERNAL AND NEONATAL HEALTH PROJECT AT KASESE IN MALAWI: REPORTING PERIOD: SEPTEMBER 2011

### Introduction

This report has been compiled by Lifeline Malawi and covers the Maternal and neonatal Health services supported by AMOR Foundation. The report is submitted to AMOR for purpose of information, record and feedback where necessary.

### Achievements

This report highlights among other things, continued delivery of Maternity services at AMOR Maternity unit and other maternal health services including family planning, prenatal (antenatal) care and prevention of mother to child transmission of HIV (PMTCT) delivered through static and mobile outreach clinics run by Lifeline Malawi. Achievements under of each of the services delivered through the project have been summarized in the next sections. In September, 2011 AMOR Maternity unit delivered its 1,121<sup>th</sup> Baby.

### Maternity Services

The **AMOR Maternity unit** made 62 admissions and delivered 41 babies in the month of September 2011. The Maternity unit statistics for September have been summarised in Table 1 below.

Table 1: AMOR Maternity Unit statistics for September, 2011.

Total Admissions	62	Twin deliveries	2
Total # of babies delivered	50	Breech	1
Premature delivery	0	Neonatal deaths	0
Still births	0	Maternal deaths	0
Incomplete spontaneous abortions	0	Referrals	12
Prolonged labour	2	Haemorrhage	4
Hypertension	0	Delivery in-transit	0
Eclampsia	0	Delivery at home and seen at Maternity unit	0

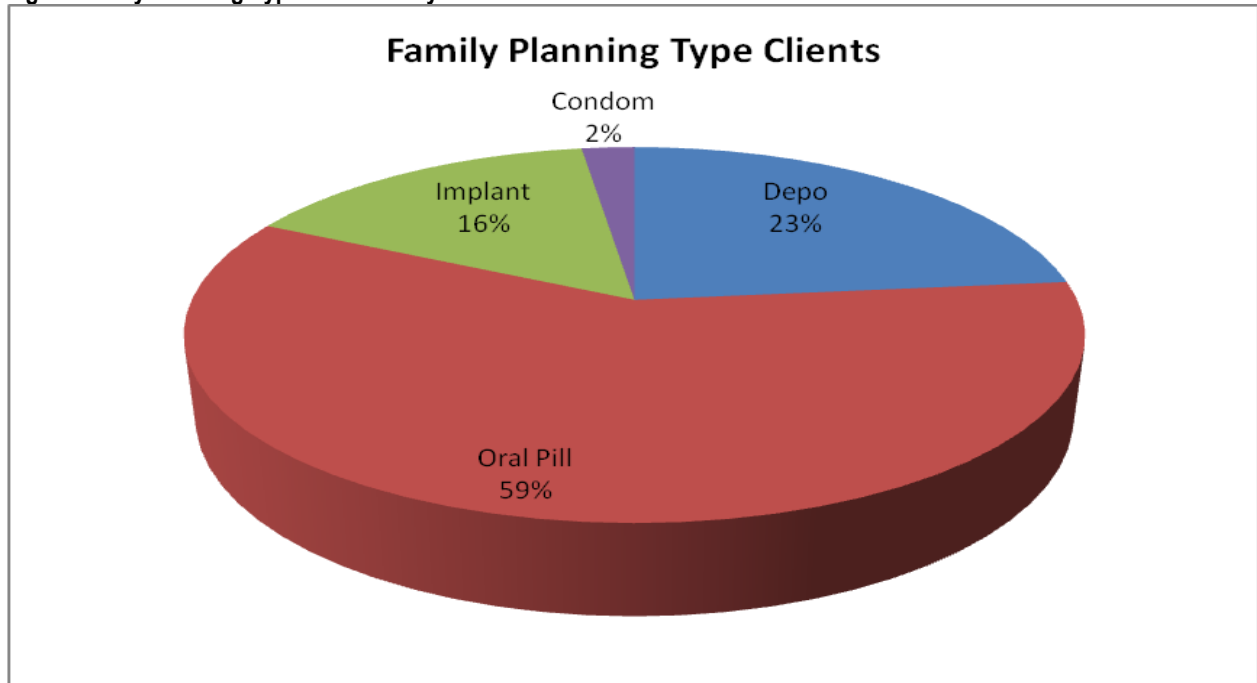
- 50 babies were born in September, 2011 at Kasese AMOR Maternity unit.
- All deliveries occurred in the labour ward and were conducted by skilled health workers (Nurses/Midwives)
- There was no delivery in-transit, the recorded no neonatal death during the month.
- 12 cases with various obstetric complications including obstetric haemorrhage and prolonged labour were referred to the next level of care.
- 28 women came for postnatal check-up services.

### Family Planning Services

- A total of **265** clients accessed family planning services in September, 2011. There is still a shortage of family planning commodities especially injectibles in the country.
- The Majority (156) of clients chose used oral pills method compared to 62 who used (depo-provera), and 41 who chose implant (jabelle) and 6 who opted for condoms.

- Among the clients who chose depo-provera, 37 were new, 118 were revisits and 1 was restarting.
- For oral pill clients, only one was new and four were revisits.
- Only six clients accessed condoms during the month.
- The data on family planning methods has been summarized in **figure 1** below.

**Fig. 1: Family Planning Type of Clients by method**



- The unavailability of Injectable method (depo-provera), caused a drop in the number of women utilising family planning methods as it remains the most sought for method of choice. This was a major cause of the general downward trend of the total number of women accessing family planning methods.

#### **Prenatal (Antenatal) Care**

- A total of 103 pregnant women registered for prenatal (antenatal) care as new clients through Lifeline Malawi AMOR Maternal health initiative in September, 2011.
- Only 18 (17.4%) of the new pregnant women reported within 0 -12 weeks of their pregnancy. The rest reported after 13 weeks gestation of their pregnancy.
- 15 women were escorted by their spouses to the prenatal clinics
- 50 women received recommended a dose of Sulphadoxine Pyrimethamine (SP) tablets as presumptive Therapy for Malaria.
- 22 women received 0-1 dose of TTV while 82 women received 2+ doses of TTV.

### **Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV (PMTCT)**

- All 61 pregnant mothers admitted at maternity were tested and given test results before delivery and referral they were all negative.
- A total of 103 pregnant women attended antenatal services including 18 registering for the first time and all of them were tested for HIV. 8 were HIV positive.
- All were 8 HIV positive women were initiated on CPT and 2 on ART during the month of September 2011. 6 women did not undergo testing.

**Report prepared by: Thoko Mungoni**  
**For Lifeline Malawi**

**September, 2011**