

LIFELINE MALAWI

Report To

AIDE MONDIALE ORPHELINS RECONFORT

Maternal Health Services for November 2010

Family Planning

- A total of 515 clients accessed family planning services in November. This represents 70 more clients than last month's 445 attendees. The data on family planning has been summarised in fig 1 below.

Fig. 1: Family Planning Type of Clients

SITE	TYPE OF CLIENT			TOTAL
	New	Revisit	Restart	
Static Clinic	212	120	17	349
Outreach Clinics	69	85	12	166
TOTAL	281	205	29	515

- The most popular contraceptive commodity of injectable was used by 469 (91%) women and the second popular commodity of pill was adopted by 24 women. 2,280 condoms were distributed as back up to other FP methods
- 14 new women who accepted FP services in November were less than 19 years of age and the majority, 122 were from the age group of 25-29.

Maternity

- The total number of babies born at the clinic since it became operational is 746, 44 of which were in November.
- Out of 44 deliveries, 3 were macerated still births.

Fig.2: Access to Maternity and Newborn Care

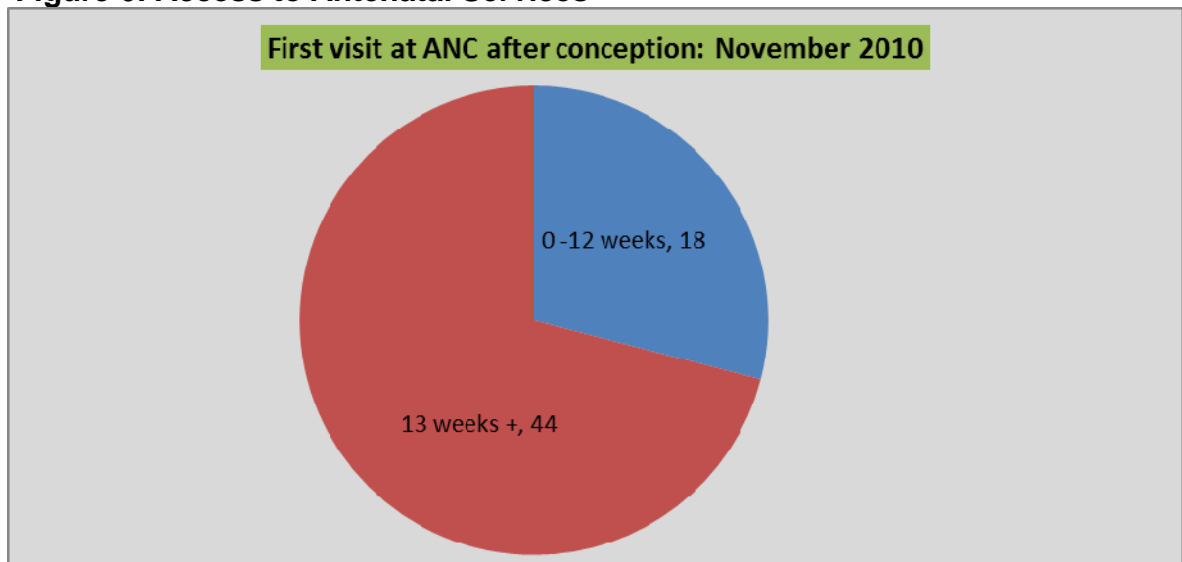
AMOR Maternity Unit Report for November 2010			
Admission	64	Twin deliveries	0
Deliveries	44	Breech	2
Premature delivery	2	Neonatal deaths	0
Still births	3	Maternal deaths	0
Complete abortions	0	Referrals	22
Prolonged labour	0	Haemorrhage	3
transfer in	0	In transit	0

- 23 (52%) babies born were females. 95% of deliveries were conducted by skilled health workers (Nurses/Midwives). One delivery occurred in transit and another one at home.
- Only one baby was born under weight (< 2500g) and all 41 live babies were initiated on breast feeding within the first 30 minutes after birth as recommended by MOH Policy.
- The following obstetric complications were referred to the next level of care. 3 cases of haemorrhage, 5 cases of prolonged labour, 4 cases of incomplete abortion and 2 cases of hypertension.
- While it is highly recommended for lactating mothers to attend postnatal clinic within two weeks of deliveries, about 65 percent of the mothers who delivered during the previous reporting period turned up for postnatal services, much higher than last month's 17%.

Antenatal Care

- A total of 178 pregnant women attended antenatal care in November, of which 68 were new. 41 (23%) women accompanied their spouses (husbands) to antenatal clinic. As one way of male championing, such couples are given the first priority.
- About 29 percent reported within 0 -12 weeks of their pregnancy. The rest 71 percent reported after 13 weeks of their pregnancy. Figure 3 below shows number of women who visited antenatal clinic first time after their conception.

Figure 6: Access to Antenatal Services



- 73 women received recommended 2 doses of SP tablets so as to reduce the chances of a woman from contracting malaria during pregnancy.
- 61 women received 0-1 dose of TTV and 92 women received 2+ doses of TTV.

Prevention of Mother to Child Transmission of HIV

- Of the 64 pregnant mothers admitted at AMOR maternity unit, 53 (83%) had accessed HTC services before delivery, 2 (3.7%) were HIV positive and both of them were initiated on Cotrimoxazole Preventive Therapy.
- All the pregnant women who came for antenatal services were offered HIV testing and 97 percent accepted the test. 8 of them were HIV positive

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